DISTRICT OF LOGAN LAKE

BYLAW NO. 883, 2022

A bylaw to adopt the District of Logan Lake Financial Plan for the Five-Year period 2022 to 2026

WHEREAS pursuant to the *Community Charter* of British Columbia Council must adopt a Five-Year Financial Plan before May 15th of each year.

NOW THEREFORE the Council of the District of Logan Lake in open meeting assembled enacts as follows:

- 1. This Bylaw may be cited as "District of Logan Lake Five-Year Financial Plan Bylaw No. 883, 2022".
- 2. Schedule "A" attached hereto and forming part of this Bylaw shall be the Financial Plan for the District of Logan Lake for the five-year period 2022 to 2026 inclusive.
- 3. Schedule "B" attached hereto and forming part of this Bylaw shall be the Financial Plan Statement of Objectives and Policies for District of Logan Lake for the five year period 2022 to 2026 inclusive.
- 4. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect upon adoption.

READ A FIRST AND SECOND TIME this 3rd day of May, 2022

READ A THIRD TIME this 3rd day of May, 2022

RECONSIDERED AND ADOPTED this 10th day of May, 2022

Mayor (R. Smith)

Corporate Officer (L. Grimm)

Certified a true copy of the District of Logan Lake

Resolution No. or

Bylaw No. 882

Dated this 14th day of

Corporate Administrator
District of Logan Lake

SCHEDULE "A"

DISTRICT OF LOGAN LAKE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL PLAN 2022 to 2026

REV ENUES	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Property Value Taxes	1	334	S. Carlotte		
Municipal Property Taxes	3,486,300	3,556,000	3,627,100	3,699,600	3,773,500
Grants-In-Lieu of Taxes	613,800	619,900	632,200	644,800	657,600
Parcel Taxes	296,500	297,900	299,300	300,700	302,200
Fees	927,400	941,300	955,400	969,700	984,200
Other Sources	562,300	567,900	573,500	579,200	584,900
Transfers From Other Governments	2,310,300	933,200	942,500	951,900	961,400
Proceeds From Borrowing	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers Between Funds			=		-
Reserve Funds	1,723,700	1,353,000	1,000,000	1,090,000	1,610,000
Development Cost Charges	0	Ō	0	0	0
Accumulated Surplus	1,881,600	922,200	1,239,600	1,225,700	995,100
Total Revenues	11,801,900	9,191,400	9,269,600	9,461,600	9,868,900
	·				
EXPENDITURES			1		
Municipal Purposes					
General Government Services	2,316,000	2,350,700	2,385,900	2,421,600	2,457,900
Protective Services	836,900	849,400	862,100	875,000	888,100
Public Works/Transportation Services	996,000	1,010,900	1,026,000	1,041,300	1,056,900
Environmental Health Services	215,500	218,700	221,900	225,200	228,500
Development Services	1,849,800	1,194,900	1,212,800	1,230,900	1,249,300
Recreation and Cultural Services	1,614,100	1,638,300	1,662,800	1,687,700	1,713,000
Water Operations	299,000	303,400	307,900	312,500	317,100
Sew er Operations	154,000	156,300	158,600	160,900	163,300
Municipal Debt					•
Debt Principal	216,600	216,600	216,600	216,600	0
Debt Interest	55,900	55,900	55,900	28,000	C
Capital Purposes	2,584,200	800,000	750,000	840,000	1,360,000
Transfers Between Funds		- Automotive			
Reserve Funds	283,500	286,300	289,100	291,900	294,800
Accumulated Surplus	380,400	110,000	120,000	130,000	140,000
Amortization	895,800	898,000	900,200	902,400	904,600
Deduct Non-Cash Items	-895800	-898,000	-900,200	-902,400	-904,600
Total Expenditures	11,801,900	9,191,400	9,269,600	9,461,600	9,868,900
	i	•			
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	0	0	0	0	



2022-2026 Financial Plan Statement of Objectives and Policies Schedule "B" of Bylaw No. 883,2022

In accordance with Section 165(3.1) of the *Community Charter*, the District of Logan Lake is required to include in the Five-Year Financial Plan, objectives and policies regarding each of the following:

- 1. The proportion of total revenue that comes from each of the funding sources described in Section 165(7) of the *Community Charter;*
- 2. The distribution of property taxes among property classes; and
- 3. The use of permissive tax exemptions.

Distribution of Property Taxes

Objective

It is the objective of Council to encourage economic development initiatives designed to attract and diversify more commercial enterprises to invest in our community. New investment will strengthen commercial tax revenue while making provision for future infrastructure and service needs with minimal taxation adjustments to other classes of property.

Policies

Council sets tax rates to maintain tax stability between property classes. Property class multiples are reviewed annually to ensure the burden of tax among property classes remains fair and equitable during market value changes. The District will factor in the use of non-market growth in the assessment roll due to new construction and development to assist in new revenue to balance the overall financial plan.

The District will conduct regular reviews and comparisons of the tax burden relative to other BC municipalities and its neighbors to ensure a competitive tax structure and rates.

- The amount of taxes proposed to be collected from the residential class (class 1) in 2022-2026 will be adjusted (as a minimum) to the cost-of-living increases (BC Consumer Price Index) and the amount of revenue required to provide municipal services to the levels prescribed by Council less other revenue sources;
- The utility class (class 2) tax rate must not exceed the greater of \$40 for each \$1,000 of
 assessed value, and 2.5 times the rate applicable to the business/other class (class 6) for
 general municipal purposes as per provincial regulation. The class 2 rate will be set annually
 by Council up to the maximum rate as permitted under current legislation;
- The supportive housing class (class 3) tax rate will be calculated as a multiplier of the residential rate. The 2022 multiplier is 1.0:1:
- The major industry class (class 4) tax rate will be established as per the Municipal Taxation Limitations in the Supplementary Letters Patent for the District of Logan Lake;
- The light industry class (class 5) tax rate will be calculated as a multiplier of the residential rate. The 2022 multiplier is 3.81:1;
- The business/other class (class 6) taxes will increase the same percentage as the residential class for municipal purposes;
- The managed forest land (class 7) tax rate will be calculated as a multiplier of the residential rate. The 2022 multiplier is 1.0:1;

- The recreation/non profit class (class 8) tax rate will be calculated as a multiplier of the residential rate. The 2022 multiplier is 1.0:1;
- The farm class (class 9) tax rate will be calculated as a multiplier of the residential rate. The 2022 multiplier is 2.37:1.

Table one provides the distribution of property tax revenue among the property classes. The practice of Council has been to set tax rates that achieve fairness and equity of all District taxpayers and to provide a stable and competitive business environment.

Property Class	% Property Value Tax	Dollar Value
Residential (1)	21%	\$726,000
Utilities (2)	7.5%	\$264,800
Supportive Housing (3)	0%	\$0
Major Industry (4)	69.25%	\$2,416,500
Light Industry (5)	0%	\$0
Business / Other (6)	2.25%	\$78,700
Managed Forest Land (7)	0%	\$0
Recreational Property / Non-Profit (8)	0%	\$0
Farm (9)	0%	\$300
Total	100%	\$3,486,300

Permissive Tax Exemptions

Objective

The District will continue to provide permissive tax exemptions to non-profit organizations within the community which further Council's objectives of enhancing quality of life (economic, social and cultural) and delivering services economically.

Pursuant to Section 226 of the *Community Charter*, the District of Logan Lake has established a Revitalization Tax Exemption Program. The objectives of the Revitalization Tax Exemption Program are to encourage new investment in Logan Lake's Industrial Park, in the developed area of Logan Lake's commercial core and in undeveloped land within Logan Lake's commercial core. Encouraging new investment in these areas is intended to create economic activity in Logan Lake that will provide jobs for local residents and will provide incentives for new residents to move to Logan Lake. The Program is intended to accomplish these objectives by providing tax relief to property owners who undertake a significant development within revitalization areas.

Policies

The total amount of revenue to be foregone by permissive tax exemptions will be set by Council annually according to the District's Tax Exemption Policy and approval of the District of Logan Lake Tax Exemption Bylaw and Revitalization Tax Exemption Program Bylaw.

The 2020 Annual Report contains a list of permissive exemptions granted for the taxation year and the amount of tax revenue foregone. The list demonstrates the policy of Council that permissive exemptions are granted to not for profit institutions that form a valuable part of our community. These include religious institutions, historical societies, some recreational facilities, service organizations and cultural institutions.

Funding Sources

Objective

Over the next five years, the District will continue to evaluate the proportion of revenue that is received from user fees and charges to ensure that proper user fees are being collected and apportioned fairly to those who are using the service and to lessen the burden on the property tax base.

Policies

- The District will first determine the amount of revenue required to provide all the municipal services to our residents;
- The District will then determine the amount of revenue (other than municipal property taxes) we can expect to receive through fees and charges, unconditional and conditional grants, investment income, etc.;
- The difference between the budgeted expenditures and other revenue represents the amount of property tax revenue the District must collect to provide the services to the levels prescribed by Council;
- Other revenue sources will be reviewed annually during the financial planning process to determine appropriate levels to fund the expenditures in each respective "Fund".

Table two shows the proportion of total revenue proposed to be raised from each funding source in 2022. Property value taxes form the greatest proportion of the revenue of the municipality. It provides a stable and consistent source of revenue for many services that are difficult or undesirable to fund on a user-pay basis. Many municipal services, such as water distribution, sewer usage, and garbage collection and disposal can be measured and charged for on a user-pay basis. This basis attempts to fairly apportion the value of a municipal service to those who make use of it.

Revenue Source	% Total Revenue	Dollar Value
Property Value Taxes	50%	\$4,100,100
Parcel Taxes	4%	\$296,500
Fees	11%	\$927,400
Other Sources	35%	\$2,872,600
Proceeds from Borrowing	0%	\$0
Total	100%	\$8,196,600

·			